

Data & Digital Responsibility Policy 2024 Going beyond privacy Version 3.2

Introduction

Data and digital technology offer tremendous potential to increase the speed, quality and cost effectiveness of humanitarian aid. Assessing the benefit of data-driven solutions versus their potential harm in a humanitarian context requires awareness of potential risks involved in applying data and digital technology. Humanitarian actors should take advantage of the opportunities provided by (open or closed) data, and they should do so responsibly. The collection and processing of any kind of data may negatively impact vulnerable individuals or communities - despite the good intentions.

When collecting and utilising personal data, the EU General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) imposes vital obligations upon organisations in terms of data protection. Data and digital responsibility go beyond compliance with the GDPR however and also consider the potential to do harm through use What does it mean to be accountable? of non-personal data and digital technology.

510 defines data and digital responsibility as:

"The responsible processing of data and use of digital technologies with respect to privacy, ethical standards and humanitarian principles, bearing in mind potential consequences and taking pro-active measures to avoid harming individuals or communities".

The figure below shows how we go beyond the protection of personal data. We leverage the Red Cross Red Crescent's (RCRC) global presence to access local knowledge, which then is applied to inform our work. Finally, we apply a range of ethical standards and principles, including our own Movement Principles as well as the humanitarian "do no harm" principle.





Purpose of the policy

This policy provides procedures for the 510 staff, students and volunteers to follow, to ensure that all our data and digital solutions are designed and applied responsibly, i.e., without causing harm to anyone. The increasing complexity of data and digital solutions and the seemingly endless applications do not lend themselves to a *prescriptive* framework that instructs the user what can and what cannot be done. Instead, like the GDPR, in this policy we opt for an *interpretative* framework of principles that shall be applied in all stages of our work, from design to operation.

Our principles

The following 5 principles each emphasize vital considerations concerning the responsible use of data and digital technology:

1. Human centred

We involve the human perspective in all steps of the problem-solving process. Through codesign sessions and interviews with users, we start by distilling a clear, unambiguous *purpose statement* for the data and digital solutions we provide.

2. Do no harm

We make every effort to do-no-harm to individuals or communities through the data or digital products that we make.

- We assess the local and humanitarian context through a Political, Economic, Social and Technological, Legal and Environmental (PESTLE) analysis. We identify data and technology related risks and incorporate mitigation measures into our designs.
- We provide in solutions that are proportional to the problem they solve, especially when they process personal or sensitive data.
- We actively apply data minimisation.
- We ensure that the users are fully aware of the strengths and weaknesses and have the skills and knowledge needed to use them correctly.

3. Transparency

We document and make our products, research and data publicly available where possible. We provide clarity on how our solutions function and perform. We are transparent about what data we process and how we process this data.

4. Accountability

We respect the rights of the data subjects whose data we process. We act in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. We apply the seven Red Cross Red Crescent Movement principles to our work.

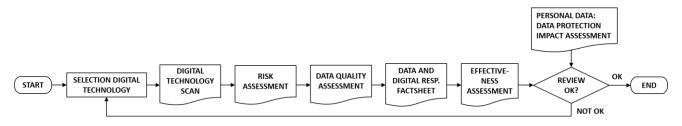
5. Effectiveness

Our products improve the speed, quality and/or cost effectiveness of humanitarian aid.



Maintenance and updating of the policy will follow the Deming cycle for Plan, Do, Check, and Act (P.D.C.A).

Data and digital responsibility review process



Template	Purpose
Digital Technology Scan	An Excel template with key-questions for determining what data
	are used by the digital technology, how the technology processes
	the data and with whom the data are shared.
Risk Assessment	An Excel template providing several examples of risk events,
	enabling users to select their occurrence probability and severity
	of impact, both in qualitative terms, when using a digital
	technology.
Data Quality Assessment	An Excel template addressing quality dimensions, definitions and
	examples for: "Data accuracy", "Data completeness", "Data
	consistency" and "Required Update Frequency".
Data and Digital	A Word template that is used for summarising the key-findings of
Responsibility Factsheet	the aforementioned templates.
Effectiveness Assessment	An Excel template to address the quality, speed and (cost)-
	effectiveness of applying the digital technology for humanitarian
	aid. Feedback and further insights are used to identify and close
	any gaps in skills to reach the next level of Digital Maturity.
Data Protection Impact	In case any personal data, or sensitive data are processed, their
Assessment	processing will need to be evaluated with expertise from a Data
	Privacy Officer and Security Officer.

Practicing the principles

Principles	Description	What 510 does
Human	Ensure that the purpose of our	Co-design / interviews
Centred	service is clearly defined.	
		Added layer of information: PESTLE /
	Ensure that our services respond	Involve local knowledge (Community
	to the needs of the users of our	Engagement and Accountability)
	products.	



Do no harm	Conduct risk assessments to	PESTLE / Involve local knowledge
	understand the local context and	(CEA).
	incorporate mitigation measures.	
	Ensure that the products are	Co-designs: feasibility-possibilities of
	proportional to the problem they	technology
	solve.	Digital Technology Scan
		Risk Assessment
		Data Quality Assessment
	Minimise the data that is	Data minimisation
	processed.	
		Data & digital literacy, user testing.
	Ensure correct use of the products.	
Transparency	Provide clarity about how our	We provide F.A.I.R. manuals for our
	products function, and don't	products (Findable, Accessible,
	function.	Interoperable, Re-usable).
	Clarify what data we process and	Digital Technology Scan
	how.	Risk Assessment
		Data Quality Assessment
		Our products and tools are published
		open-source.
		Open data: we provide information
		on what data we use.
Accountability	Respect the rights of the data	Data Protection Impact Assessment
	subjects.	Data protection, minimisation,
		consent, confidentiality, integrity
		Our work respects applicable laws
	Respect applicable laws and	and regulations such as GDPR
	regulations.	
		Our work respects principles of the
		Movement
	Respect principles of the	
	Movement.	
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Effectiveness	Our products improve the speed, quality and/or cost effectiveness of humanitarian aid.	We select one or more of these indicators during co- design/interviews. Effectiveness Assessment We monitor the indicator(s) during prototype and user testing. We continue to seek feedback from the users of our data and digital solutions after they have been deployed so that we can
		deployed, so that we can continuously improve our data and digital solutions.

References on Intranet

- Digital Technology Scan
- <u>Risk Assessment</u>
- Data Quality Assessment
- Data and Digital Responsibility Factsheet
- Effectiveness Assessment

